

Code of Corporate Governance

May 2018



SURREY

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COMMITMENT TO GOOD GOVERNANCE

Good corporate governance underpins confidence in public services and should be transparent to all stakeholders. We are committed to demonstrating that the council has sound corporate governance and the Governance Strategy and this Code of Corporate Governance sets out the way we meet that commitment. This in turn promotes adherence to our values that guide the behaviour of all officers and Members:



Corporate governance is the way in which the council directs and controls its arrangements to ensure that the intended outcomes for stakeholders are defined and achieved. A robust governance code provides assurance that Surrey is meeting best practice in protecting its assets and serving the community.

The council annually reviews the effectiveness of its governance arrangements and produces an Annual Governance Statement (AGS), which summarises the governance framework and environment in place during the year. The AGS is signed by the Chief Executive and the Leader of the Council and is included within the Statement of Accounts, as required by statute. A summary of the AGS is also included within our Annual Report.

This Code of Corporate Governance supplements the Governance Strategy and sets out the mechanisms for monitoring and reviewing the corporate governance arrangements, which enables the council to identify good governance practice and also areas for improvement.



Our Corporate Strategy: Ensuring Surrey residents remain healthy, safe and confident about their future

GOOD GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES

Principles of Public Life

The council is committed to ensuring that good governance is in place and that we are serving the local community in accordance with the seven principles of public life as defined by the Nolan Committee¹. These principles apply to everyone working in the public services and should be incorporated into all codes of conduct and behaviour to ensure residents and service users receive a high quality service.

The principles are as follows:

Selflessness

Officers and members should act solely in terms of the public interest. They should not act in such a way in which to gain financial or other benefits for themselves, their family or their friends.

Integrity

Officers and members should not place themselves under any financial or other obligation to outside individuals or organisations that might seek to influence them in the performance of their official duties.

Objectivity

In carrying out public business, including making public appointments, awarding contracts, or recommending individuals for rewards and benefits, officers and members should make choices on merit.

Accountability

Officers and members are accountable for their decisions and actions to the public and must submit themselves to whatever scrutiny is appropriate to their role.

Openness

Officers and members should be as open as possible about all decisions and actions that they take. They should give reasons for their decisions and restrict information only when the wider public interest clearly demands.

Honesty

Officers and members have a duty to declare any private interests relating to their public duties and to take steps to resolve any conflicts arising in a way that protects the people of Surrey.

Leadership

Officers and members should promote and support the principles by leadership and example.

¹ The Nolan Committee was established in 1994 by the Prime Minister in response to concerns that conduct by some politicians was unethical.

Core Governance Principles

The council has adopted six core governance principles, which ensure good governance, compliance with the principles of public life and support the achievement of our Corporate Strategy and Governance Strategy.

We will focus on our purpose to optimise the achievement of intended outcomes for Surrey and its local communities.

We will meet this by:

- Making the best use of our resources available to ensure best value is achieved; and
- Promoting decision making that is rigorous and transparent.

Members and officers will behave with integrity and demonstrate a strong commitment to ethical values.

We will meet this by:

- Demonstrating and communicating our values; and
- Understanding, monitoring and maintaining our ethical standards.

We will ensure openness and effectively engage with our stakeholders.

We will meet this by:

- Demonstrating, documenting and communicating our commitment to openness; and
- Engaging with residents, partners, businesses and other stakeholders in the development of services.

We will develop the capacity and capability of members and officers to continue to be effective.

We will meet this by:

- Clarifying roles and responsibilities; and
- Ensuring members and officers have the appropriate skills, knowledge, resources and support to perform well in their roles.

We will manage risks and performance through robust internal control and strong public financial management.

We will meet this by:

- Ensuring integrated and effective risk management arrangements are in place; and
- Monitoring service delivery.

We will implement good practice in transparency and reporting to deliver effective accountability.

We will meet this by:

- Reporting to stakeholders in an understandable way; and
- Having good quality information that is easy to access.

SUPPORTING GOVERNANCE DOCUMENTS

There is a robust framework of council policies and processes that are of key importance in maintaining good governance, support the achievement of the Corporate Strategy and Governance Strategy and underpin compliance with the core governance principles. The documents are shown at Annex A.

Responsibility for each governance document ultimately rests with the Chief Executive or one of the strategic directors, aside from statutory functions that fall within the personal responsibility of the Section 151 Officer or the Monitoring Officer. Cabinet Members must also demonstrate ownership within their individual portfolios.

Below those officers and members mentioned above, where appropriate, are officers who have a material input and control over governance documents. These officers are referred to as Governance Custodians and they are shown in Annex B.

Governance Custodians are responsible for keeping documents up to date and therefore making necessary changes. Any significant changes require approval by members or officers as shown at Annex C. It is the decision of the relevant officer and/or member as to what is classed as significant.

GOVERNANCE REVIEW

The annual review of governance assesses the level of compliance with each of the core governance principles. A flowchart showing the process is shown at Annex D. The review consists of a number of parts as follows.

PART 1 – CUSTODIAN ASSURANCE

Governance Custodians are required to complete an annual Custodian Assurance Statement. A summary report is presented to the Governance Panel, which makes recommendations on any specific areas to be reviewed as part of the governance compliance work undertaken by Internal Audit (see below).

PART 2 – GOVERNANCE COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

Following agreement by the Governance Panel on the areas of focus, a number of methods are used by Internal Audit to test governance compliance as appropriate:

- Relevant audit reviews already undertaken or in progress;
- Compliance testing on specific governance policies; and
- Assurance mapping.

Key findings from the testing above are presented to the Governance Panel and any significant areas will be included in the AGS.

The Chief Internal Auditor uses information gathered from internal audit reviews carried out as part of the annual audit plan, to report on the adequacy of the overall internal control

environment. This report is presented to the Governance Panel and any significant areas will be included in the AGS

PART 3 – ASSESSMENT OF THE CORE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES

The Risk and Governance Manager carries out the annual assessment of the core governance principles. The review consists of:

- interviews with key officers,
- reviewing existing procedures,
- assessing existing governance arrangements against best practice, and
- reviewing any assurance mapping undertaken by Internal Audit.

A summary report is then presented to the Governance Panel and any significant findings will be included in the AGS.

PART 4 – ADDITIONAL GOVERNANCE INFORMATION

In order to pull together a full picture of governance across the organisation, the Governance Panel also look at any relevant reports and findings from other inspectorates and groups, along with any self-assessments that the council has completed within the relevant year. Any significant issues are then included in the AGS and the information can include the following:

- External audit reports
- External inspection reports
- Annual review of the effectiveness of the system of internal audit
- Member task group reports and findings

PART 5 - AGS

Taking all the above information into account, the draft AGS is developed and agreed by the Governance Panel. The Chair of the Governance Panel consults with the Corporate Leadership Team before the AGS is presented to the Audit and Governance Committee and the Cabinet for approval. The AGS is then incorporated into the Statement of Accounts and the Annual Report.

PART 6 - MONITORING

The Governance Panel monitors progress on any improvement actions identified and update reports are presented to senior officers and the Audit and Governance Committee as appropriate.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

All staff and members have a role in ensuring good governance but specific responsibilities are set out below:

ROLE	RESPONSIBILITIES
The Cabinet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Approve the AGS for publication with the Statement of Accounts and the Annual Report • Monitor any governance improvements required, as appropriate
Portfolio Holders	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrate ownership of individual governance areas • Approve governance policies as appropriate
Audit & Governance Committee	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Review the draft AGS and advise the Cabinet as appropriate • Monitor the effectiveness of the governance arrangements • Monitor compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance • Approve governance policies as appropriate
Corporate Leadership Team	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Commission remedial action to address issues as appropriate • Review related reports en route to the Cabinet e.g. AGS
Governance Panel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refer to the Terms of Reference – Annex E
Heads of Service and Assistant Directors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Appoint Governance Custodians as required • Promote the delivery of policies within their service • Participate in the governance review and ensure that officers under their charge cooperate within the given timescales • Ensure governance improvements required within their service are acted upon in a timely manner and reported as necessary
Governance Custodians	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain and regularly review governance documents to ensure they reflect legislative changes, best practice and organisational changes • Ensure governance documents are communicated effectively • Operate a standard process of version control on all governance documents • Ensure actions identified through the corporate governance review are acted upon in a timely manner and reported as necessary
Risk and Governance Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coordinate the corporate governance review • Carry out the annual assessment of core principles • Annually review the Code of Corporate Governance • Ensure provision of Corporate Governance training for staff and members as appropriate
Internal Audit Team	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conduct the annual review of governance compliance • Provide information on the internal control environment to inform the AGS

REVIEWING AND REVISING THE CODE

This Code of Corporate Governance will be reviewed annually to reflect any changes. For any queries or comments on this document please contact:

Cath Edwards, Risk and Governance Manager, Business Services

GLOSSARY

Annual Governance Statement (AGS)	A statement required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations (England) 2011 explaining how the council has complied with the code of corporate governance. It is signed by the Chief Executive and Leader of the Council and published as part of the annual Statement of Accounts and the Annual Report.
Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA)	The leading accountancy body for public services.
Constitution of the Council	Sets out how the Council operates, how decisions are made and the procedures that are followed to ensure efficiency, transparency and accountability.
Corporate Governance	How local government bodies ensure that they are doing the right things, in the right way, for the right people, in a timely, inclusive, open, honest and accountable manner.
Custodian Assurance Statement (CAS)	An annual submission from each Governance Custodian providing assurance that each policy is up to date and detailing any work that has been undertaken throughout the year.
Effectiveness review	An annual review of the effectiveness of the system of internal audit.
External Audit	An external annual review of the Council's accounts.
Governance Custodian	Officers who have responsibility for ensuring that governance documents are up to date and promoted across the authority.
Governance Panel	Chaired by the Director of Legal, Democratic and Cultural Services, the panel ensures that the council has a robust appraisal of governance. It advises Statutory Responsibilities Network, Audit & Governance Committee and Cabinet on the adequacy of the governance arrangements.
Internal Audit Team	An independent appraisal function that objectively examines, evaluates and reports on the adequacy of internal control.
Monitoring Officer (Head of Legal)	The statutory officer in accordance with section 5 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 ensuring lawfulness and fairness of decision making.
Section 151 Officer (Director of Finance)	The statutory officer with responsibility for the proper administration of the Council's affairs under section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972.
Society of Local Authority Chief Executives and Senior Managers (SOLACE)	The representative body for senior strategic managers working in local government, promoting effective local government.
Corporate Leadership Team	Provide oversight on the council's major statutory responsibilities.

GOVERNANCE DOCUMENT CUSTODIANS

Annex B

Document	Custodian
Arrangements for dealing with complaints about Members	Head of Legal
Behaviours Framework	Head of HR and OD
Cabinet Forward Plan	Cabinet Business Manager
Capability	Head of HR and OD
Change Management	Head of HR and OD
Code of Conduct for Members	Head of Legal
Code of Conduct for Staff	Head of HR and OD
Communications and Engagement Strategy	Head of Communications
Counter Fraud Strategy	Audit Manager – Counter Fraud
Customer Promise	Customer Services Group Manager
Data Governance policy	Corporate Information Governance Manager
Disciplinary	Head of HR and OD
Equality, Fairness and Respect strategy	Head of Strategy
Ending harassment, bullying, discrimination and victimisation	Manager – Health and Safety, Wellbeing and Inclusion
Financial Regulations	Director of Finance
Governance Strategy	Governance Panel
Grievance Resolution	Head of HR and OD
Health and Safety policy	Head of HR and OD
HR&OD Strategy	Head of HR and OD
IT Security policy	Chief Information Officer
Member / Officer Protocol	Head of Legal
Partnership Governance Framework	Risk and Governance Manager
Premises Security policy	Deputy Chief Property Officer
Procurement Standing Orders	Head of Procurement
Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act (RIPA)	Head of Trading Standards
Resilience Policy	Head of Emergency Management
Risk Management Strategy	Head of Legal
Safer Employment	Head of HR and OD
Scheme of Delegation	Head of Legal
Standing Orders	Cabinet Business Manager
VCFS Framework	Strategic Partnership Manager
Whistle blowing policy	Head of HR and OD

GOVERNANCE DOCUMENT APPROVAL

Annex C

Member approval

Cabinet	Leader of the Council
Communication and Engagement Strategy	Cabinet Forward Plan
Customer Promise	
Equality, fairness and respect strategy	
Financial Regulations	County Council
Partnership principles	Arrangements for dealing with complaints about Members
Procurement Standing Orders	Code of Conduct – Members
Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act (RIPA)	Member / Officer protocol
	Scheme of Delegation
	Standing Orders

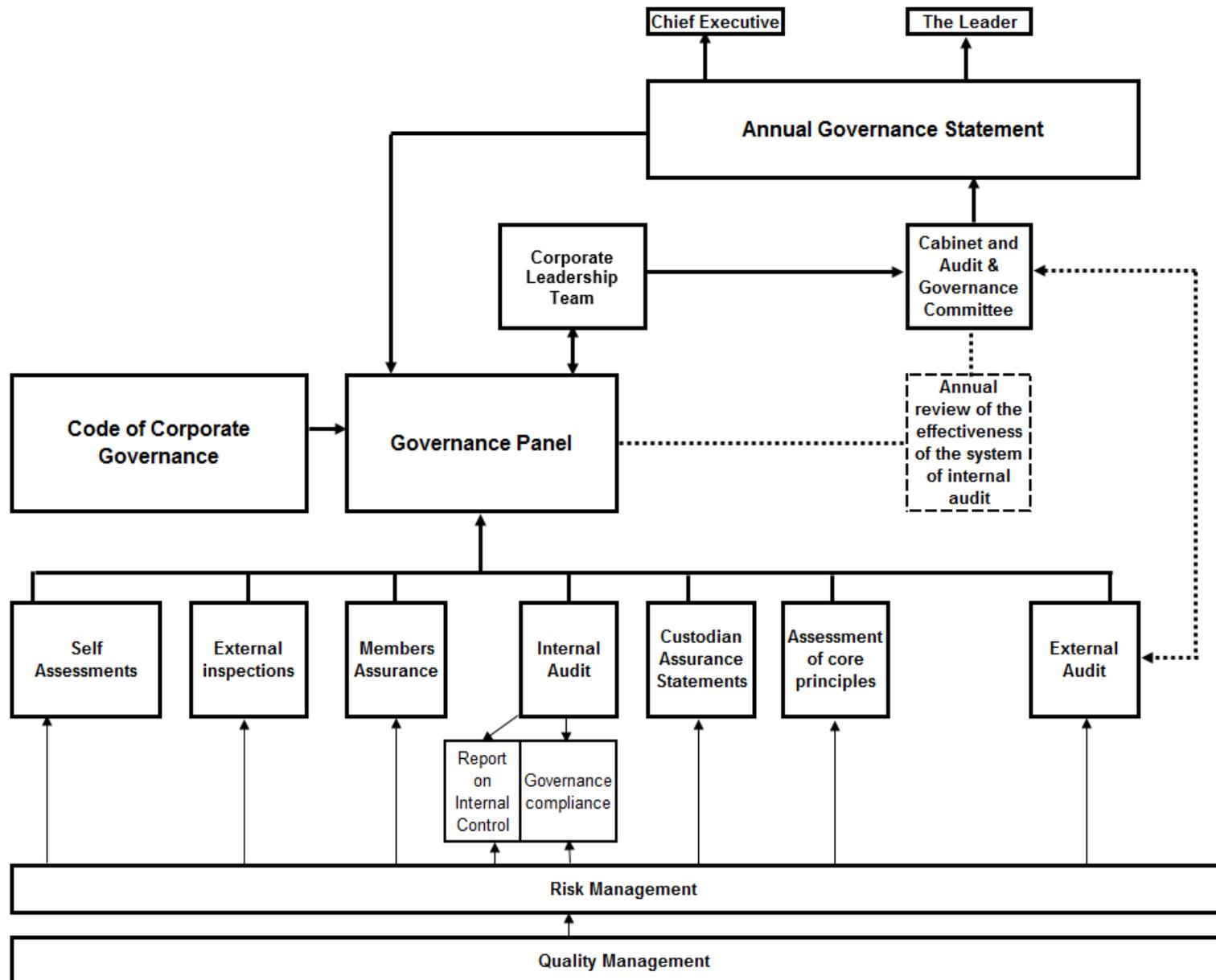
People, Performance and Development Committee	Audit and Governance Committee
Behaviours framework	Risk management strategy
Capability	Counter Fraud Strategy
Change Management	
Code of Conduct – Staff	
Disciplinary	
Ending harassment, bullying, discrimination and victimisation	
Grievance Resolution	
HR&OD	
Safer Employment	
Whistle blowing policy	

Officer approval

Data governance policy	Information Governance Risk Board
Governance Strategy	Governance Panel
Health and Safety policy	Central Joint Safety Committee
IT Security policy	Chief Information Officer
Partnership Governance framework	Governance Panel
Premises Security policy	Chief Property Officer
Resilience policy	Head of Emergency Management
VCFS Framework	Chief Executive

GOVERNANCE REVIEW PROCESS

Annex D



Scope

The Governance Panel (the panel) ensures that the Council has a robust method of scrutiny and appraisal of Governance. The panel advises Corporate Leadership Team (CLT), Audit & Governance Committee (A&GC) and Cabinet on the adequacy of the arrangements and proposes areas for improvement through the Annual Governance Statement (AGS).

The panel reviews reports from Internal Audit, Risk & Governance, External Audit and other relevant documents.

The Role of the Governance Panel

The Governance Panel collectively, is responsible for:

- Annually reviewing the Code of Corporate Governance and approving changes prior to presentation at the A&GC
- Reviewing reports from Internal Audit, Risk & Governance, External Audit and other inspectorates as appropriate
- Reviewing significant changes to governance documents within the Code of Corporate Governance
- Reporting significant governance issues, providing updates and presenting the draft AGS to the SRN and A&GC.

Membership

The following officers form the Governance Panel:

Chair	-	Head of Legal (Monitoring Officer)
Standing members	-	Senior representatives from Finance, HR & OD, Internal Audit and Strategy & Performance
	-	Risk & Governance Manager
Advisors	-	Governance custodians
	-	Representatives from Internal Audit

Individual Roles and responsibilities

Chair

- Proactively chair panel meetings, ensure meetings are effective and actions have been completed
- Present panel reports to CLT, A&GC and Cabinet and feed back to the rest of the panel members
- Report back to the panel on key issues from other governance meetings as appropriate, including partnerships

Panel members

- Proactively participate at panel meetings
- Report back to the panel on key issues from other governance meetings as appropriate, including partnerships

Risk and Governance Manager

- Lead on the annual review of governance, including the development of the AGS
- Provide reports to the panel on areas of risk and governance, including strategic and significant service risks, annual governance review reports and progress reporting
- Prepare panel reports for CLT, A&GC and Cabinet
- Report key issues from external audit and inspection reports including the Annual Audit Letter and the Annual Governance Report
- Undertake the annual review of the Code of Corporate Governance and recommend changes to the panel

Internal Audit

- Provide updates and reports to the panel on internal control and key audit findings

Governance Custodians

May be required to attend any panel meetings at the request of the Chair